

WHELAN REID

Opens the Republican Campaign in Boston Last Evening

IN A VERY BRILLIANT SPEECH.

"The Big-Man-Afraid-of-his-Party Platform" Gets a Turning Over

INCONSISTENCY OF HIS ATTITUDE

In regard to the tariff and other planks in the Chicago Platform. What the Democratic Party seeks to do--A Triumph of Their Principles Would Mean Ruin to the Business Interest of the Country. A Masterful Arrangement of the Party of Free Trade and Industrial Destruction.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 4.--Music Hall and Faneuil Hall were both filled to overflowing tonight when the Republicans ratified their state and national nominations with ringing speeches by Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Governor Wm. McKinley, Lieut. Governor Haile and Hon. Roger Wolcott, the latter being the nominees for governor and lieutenant governor respectively. As soon as the doors of Music Hall were opened there was a rush for seats, and many who came later were thankful even to find standing room.

Hon. W. E. Barrett presided and was flanked by a large number of leading men of the party seated upon the platform.

After a short introductory speech, Hon. Whitelaw Reid was presented as the first speaker of the evening. As he stepped forward he was given a most flattering reception by the large audience, which was quick to note the sharp points of his address and bestowed frequent applause.

After thanking the audience for the hearty reception, Mr. Reid said: "The Republican party is now in power. The country is peaceful, contented and prosperous beyond precedent. Shall we thereupon make a radical and sweeping change? If so, why? There is the question for the solid men of Boston. Up to Tuesday last it was no question at all for our opponents. They openly and without disguise and without exceptions or dissent, wanted a change as abrupt and important as can well be conceived.

They wanted to reverse the whole revenue policy of the government since 1861 by a change from the American idea, a protective tariff, to the modern English idea, a tariff for revenue only. That would mean a shock to business and a disaster to labor that would exceed anything this generation has seen.

RETURN TO STATE BANKS. They wanted to reverse the fiscal policy of the government since 1861 by abandoning again a part of the prerogative of issuing money, breaking down the best currency this continent ever saw, the national bank notes, and to substitute for it the worst, state notes and shin plasters. That would mean a shock to all banking and exchanges and an inconvenience and constant loss to every citizen that would belong to a semi-barbarous period and not to a civilized one.

Our opponents denounce as a sham the reciprocity treaties by which we secured new markets for our products in Central America, South America and Europe in return for the free admission of sugar, coffee and tea to your breakfast tables. That means, unless their professed principle is itself a sham, the closing of those new markets and a high revenue tariff again on sugar, coffee and tea.

There is no need to go further in enumerating the changes they threaten. Enough is as good as a feast; and that is the sort of feast to which they invite you. I challenge the judgment of the candid and intelligent business men of Boston, whatever their politics, on the proposition that those changes, if actually carried out by the Democratic party, as they are demanded by the Democratic platform, would prove, for a year or two at any rate, the greatest and most dangerous shock to business since the war.

That the Democratic party demanded these changes, everybody knows.

SOMETHING HAS HAPPENED. But something has happened. Since last Tuesday they have been demoralized and almost on the run. The letter of acceptance discloses a figure which our aboriginal friends of the far west would describe as big-man-afraid-of-his-platform; and the party gazes in perplexity and alarm on a candidate who accepts its nomination, but has not yet shown either the candor to accept or the courage to repudiate its principles. I mean to speak of Mr. Cleveland with that respect which all right thinking American people wish to show for one who has passed our supreme ordeal, and once been declared by a majority of American voters worthy to be the Chief Magistrate of this nation. But it cannot be disrespectful, and it is obviously truthful to say that Mr. Cleveland now acts toward the platform of his party as if he were afraid that if he should venture to step on it, it would break through. The three distinctly vital points in the platform are state bank currency, reciprocity and that of tariff. On one of them his letter is absolutely silent, while he writes all around and about the third through one-half of his letter without once being able to say in straightforward language whether protection is unconstitutional, as his party declares it, or right and expedient, as Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson declared it.

CLEVELAND'S POSITION. But he does tell us that tariff reform is still his purpose. That is to say, the business of the country must have no peace; everything must be once more unsettled, and the whole tariff must be turned over again to be tinkered by a Congress of that party which at Chicago declared by nearly a two-thirds majority for the English as against the American system, and pronounced protection unconstitutional.

He might just as well have stepped boldly upon the platform. It would have looked better and could not have

resulted worse; for what he does say brings him, whether he likes it or not, straight to the platform's conclusion: We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose tariff duties, except for the purpose of revenue only. We denounce the McKinley tariff as the culminating atrocity of class legislation, and we promise its repeal."

Are even the Democratic business men of Boston eager just now this year, or even next year, for an entertainment like this.

NO APOLOGIES GO.

In vain, after this, does the candidate plead apologetically that his party wages no exterminating war against any American interests. As well might he plead that his party's demand for the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state bank circulation makes no threat against the national currency. He says he wants to change things by reforming the tariff. The party gives its pledges to the country as to the sort of reform its Congress--not Mr. Cleveland, but its Congress--would make, a tariff for revenue only, any other being unconstitutional. He tries to quiet alarm by saying free trade is impossible. Certainly. England says the same thing, and maintains most rigidly just the sort of tariff Mr. Cleveland's platform demands--a tariff for revenue only. In vain is the net spread in the sight of any bird. No qualifications or omissions, or vague generalities and assurances of harmless intentions can blind the eyes of voters to the fact that, however much Mr. Cleveland may regret it, as an honorable man he is bound hand and foot to the platform of his party at Chicago, just as all the world knows that he is to-day bound to the car of Tammany of New York."

WHERE REPUBLICANS STAND.

In closing he said: There is one party in this campaign, Mr. Chairman, that does not find it needful to slander the country; that does not seek for calamities and does not read its own defeat in the general prosperity. There is one party that has nothing to conceal and that says what it means. It has nominees who are not afraid of its principles. It is not trying to succeed by getting one part of the country to vote for its platform and another part to vote for its candidates. It stands everywhere for a protective tariff, and wants no mistake about it. It stands for honest money, and wants no mistake about that. It stands for equal rights under the law, for reciprocity, for revived shipping, for American wages, and for America all the time. And, finally, it challenges the verdict of the American people on the character, the ability and the safe and brilliantly successful administration of Benjamin Harrison."

BANDIT COOLEY BURIED.

No Services at the Grave--Others of the Gang in Jail.

UNIONTOWNS, Pa., Oct. 4.--The remains of Frank Cooley, the outlaw who was shot by Sheriff McCormick's posse Sunday evening, were buried to-day. A few people went out from town to attend the funeral, expecting to see a large crowd, but were surprised to find not more than fifty people present. The dead bandit's parents stated last night that they would not permit any one to see him at the funeral and it was for this reason that so few attended. He was laid to rest beside his brother Jack, in the little Methodist cemetery at Smithfield. Without ceremony, and attended only by his relatives, the greatest peace disturber this county has ever seen was buried.

Since Jack Ramsey was placed in jail here yesterday there has been considerable effort put forth to collect evidence against him, and it is believed that sufficient has been secured to send him to the penitentiary for a long term. At noon to-day old Jacob Prinkey and his wife arrived in town in a heavy road wagon. They drove down from their mountain home, a distance of over 20 miles. It will be remembered that Prinkey's house was robbed about ten days ago, and that he received pretty rough treatment at the hands of the outlaws. The old couple were led into the jail where Ramsey and David are confined. They, of course, were not certain that the men in jail were the ones who robbed them, as the robbers were masked that night. Prinkey, however, thought he identified Ramsey as one of the men.

David was wearing one of Prinkey's hats, which he had stolen on the night of the robbery, and the old man recognized it at a glance. The hat was taken by the sheriff and will be used as evidence. The mask that Ramsey dropped in the saloon yesterday was identified as one of the kind worn by the men who robbed the Prinkeys.

CABINET MEETING.

The Monetary Conference and Columbia Day Celebration Subjects Considered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--A regular meeting of the cabinet was held to-day at which all the members were present except Secretary Elkins, who is out of the city. The coming international monetary convention was one of the questions considered, and partial arrangements were made for the official participation in the Columbian celebration in New York next week. The President will certainly attend if the condition of Mrs. Harrison will justify his leaving her side. Unless her condition improves, however, it is not likely that he will deem it safe to leave her even for a day. In that event he will probably request the Vice President to represent him on this occasion. It is settled, however, that the majority, if not all of the cabinet officers will attend the celebration.

Canada's New Chief Justice.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 4.--It is understood that the government has decided to appoint Mr. Justice Strong to the chief justiceship of the supreme court, made vacant by the death of Sir William Ritchie, and that Mr. Sedgewick, the present deputy minister of justice, will be given a judgeship in the supreme court.

He Gives no Reason.

New York, Oct. 4.--A Wilmington, Del., special says:

Ex-Secretary of State T. F. Bayard, has cancelled his Western campaign engagements. No reason for so doing is given.

First business and residence lots for sale at Moundsville.

WHY M'VEAGH FLOPPED

From the Ranks of Protection to the Camp of Free Traders.

VERY LAME REASONS GIVEN.

He Disagrees With the Policy of the Republican Party in Rewarding the Old Soldiers--Denounces the Protective Tariff as a Measure of Great Evil, Objects to the Force Bill and Criticizes the Position of the Republican Party on the Currency Question, and Otherwise "Talks Through His Hat."

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.--Ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh has written a letter to John C. Carter, secretary of the Mass Reform club, in which he announces that he will vote for Grover Cleveland. The letter says, in part: "As both parties have presented exceptional candidates, there is no reason why the differences which exist upon questions of public policy should be discussed otherwise than in good humor, and with entire respect for each other's opinions.

"In the present campaign, what may fairly be called the false alarms of the canvass will prove of little value because of the general confidence in the safe and conservative character of both candidates."

The writer finds himself in full accord with the Democratic party and finds it more easy to act with them because the Republican party, securing its return to power four years ago by promising to preserve matters as they were, at once embarked upon what he regards as a reckless and revolutionary policy, even overturning all the safeguards of legislation in the house of representatives in their haste to pass the force bill and the McKinley bill, both, to his mind, unnecessary and unwise measures.

FORCE BILL AND TARIFF.

Passing over the force bill with a reference to the earnest and widespread opposition thereto, and the advocacy two years ago of the measure by President Harrison, General McVeagh takes up the tariff, of which he says:

"The economic evils, however great, of the McKinley bill, and the unreasonable system of protection it represents, are of far less importance to my mind than the moral evils which follow in their wake. In deciding for what purposes the masses of the people may be properly taxed, it must not be forgotten that taxes have a wonderful capacity for filtering through all intervening obstacles until they reach the bowed back of toil and resting there; and the giving of bounties under any form of taxation, is mainly the giving away of the wages of labor. The sad truth that the curse of the poor is their poverty, is illustrated in nothing more clearly than in the undue share they suffer of the burdens of taxation."

"But even such inequality and injustice are the least of its evils, for while such a system endures, political corruption is absolutely sure to increase, as such a system not only invites, but it requires the corrupt use of money both at the polls and in Congress.

TALKING THROUGH HIS HAT.

"The Republican party ought to be an honest money party, and it would be if it could; but while it demanded increased bounties for its favorite manufacturers, it could not refuse increased bounties to the silver producers, as the votes they control were probably necessary to the passage of the McKinley bill. The question of a debased currency is making itself daily more and more felt in every channel of business and finance, and it is inevitably driving gold out of the country and leading us to all the evils of a fluctuating and therefore dishonest currency based upon silver alone.

OBJECTS TO PENSIONS.

"If Congress was to levy taxes upon the people, to counter bounties upon certain classes of manufacturers, it was very natural that the pension agents should also join hands to increase their fees by an indiscriminate granting of pensions. The result is that nearly a generation after the close of the war there is a steady increase of the vast sums passing through the pension agents' hands, until now, the total amount staggers belief, and has become of itself a very serious burden upon the treasury. Surely there is neither reason nor justice in legislation which destroys all distinction between the discharge of duty and the shirking of it, between loyal service and desertion of the colors, between wounds received in battle and diseases contracted in the pursuits of peace."

ANOTHER ALLEGED EVIL.

There is still another great and increasing evil chiefly traceable, in his opinion, to the maintenance of the excessive tariff since the war, and the constant meddling with it to make it higher; and that is the bringing to our shores of those vast swarms of undesirable immigrants. Just as the duties upon imported merchandise have been increased so has the grade of imported labor been lowered.

As the Republican party is now definitely committed to the policy of taxing the people for the purpose of giving bounties to such persons or interests as can secure the necessary votes in Congress, so the Democratic party is now as definitely committed to the policy of restricting taxation to the needs of the government for public purposes alone. Gen. MacVeagh is convinced that the old causes in which he is interested, cannot hope for success until the avowed policy of the Republican party on this subject is overthrown.

SUMMING UP.

Until then the right of each state to control elections within its borders will not be secure; there is no prospect of our enjoying the single and stable standard of value which other civilized and commercial nations possess; there is no hope of placing either our pension system or the regulation of immigration upon a just and proper basis. The purification of our politics will continue "the iridescent dream," which high Republican authority has declared

it must always remain, and any pretended reform of the civil service must prove a delusion and a snare.

Even ballot reform must share the same fate of the betrayal in the house of its pretended friends. All these good causes are, in the very nature of things, the relentless foes of a system of government by bounties to favored interests, and such a system is their relentless foe.

THE U. S. COURTS.

The Circuit and District Meet at Clarksburg--Liquor Cases Settled.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. CLARKSBURG, W. VA., Oct. 4.--United States District court convened yesterday morning with his honor, Judge Jackson on the bench.

The following cases have been disposed of up to the time of adjournment this evening:

United States vs. Wash Jones, of Marion county, unlawful retailing of liquor, *nolle prosequi*. United States vs. U. S. Anderson, of Barbour county, same charge; verdict of not guilty.

The United States circuit court convened at the same time and place as above, his honor Judge Coffey presiding. United States vs. Thos. Robinson, of Tucker county, unlawful retailing of liquor, plead guilty and fined \$100 and costs with recognition for further judgment.

United States vs. Dr. R. F. Egan, of Braxton county, same charge; verdict of guilty, fined \$100 and costs and recognition for further judgment.

United States vs. "Bul" Hier, of Lewis county, same charge; fined \$100 and thirty days in jail.

United States vs. Lewis Taylor, of Lewis county, same charge; verdict of not guilty.

United States vs. Dr. J. R. Mathews, of Buckhannon, same charge; verdict of not guilty, as he had government license in his wife's name.

United States vs. Charles Creston, of Taylor county, same charge; verdict of not guilty.

United States vs. George Pennington, same charge; verdict of guilty and fined \$200 and forty days in jail.

United States vs. Henry Muzum, of Webster county, same charge; verdict of guilty and fined \$100 and thirty days in the Webster county jail.

United States vs. Dan Hosey, of Braxton county, same charge; verdict of guilty and fined \$100 and thirty days in jail.

United States vs. Mart Hosey, same charge; fined \$100 and thirty days in jail.

Treasury Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.--The annual report of the first comptroller of the treasury shows that during the last fiscal year there were examined 58,846 warrants, for sums aggregating \$21,878,359 75, and 28,798 accounts involving \$5,691,887,593. Comptroller Matthews renews his recommendations of last year relative to suits against the government, saying that accounts should be presented to the treasury accounting officers before suit is brought in the court of claims; that a limitation should be placed on the time allowed for the presentation of claims; that the allowance of double compensation should be limited to \$5,000 in the case of United States commissioners, and that the auditors and registers of the treasury should be required to make a yearly statement of balances to and from the United States.

The Florida Election.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 4.--The vote of the state is hardly as heavy as was expected. This is accounted for by the fact that the poll tax requirements kept down the aggregate of qualifications in all parties.

Up to 9 o'clock poll returns had not been received from any one of the forty-five counties, but precinct votes furnish a good basis for calculation. Mitchell, Democrat, has carried the state by at least 20,000 majority.

Episcopal Convention.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 4.--Right reverend bishops, reverend clergy and distinguished laymen, delegates to the triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal church, are arriving in this city by every train. The convention will be opened to-morrow forenoon by the celebration of holy communion. Right Rev. Bishops Williams, of Connecticut, and Neely, of Maine, will be the officiating bishops. The sermon will be preached by Bishop Wilmer, of Alabama.

Two People Killed.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 4.--A switch engine backing south with three loaded freight cars on the Cincinnati, Washington & Baltimore railway, at Harrison avenue, this evening shortly after dark, struck a John street horse car with the result of two people being killed, five terribly wounded and twenty-five passengers badly shaken up.

Ingalls Will Stay in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 4.--Ex-Senator Ingalls has offered his services to the Republican state central committee. He has decided to spend his entire time until election day in this state, and has written to the Republican committee in New York and Nebraska, declining to speak in those states.

Killed at a Revival Meeting.

FULTON, Mo., Oct. 4.--Three men were killed and a woman fatally wounded and several persons shot, but not mortally wounded, at a colored revival meeting at Stephen's Store, a small town twenty miles southwest of here, Sunday evening.

Columbus' Caravels in Tow.

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 4.--The United States steamer Bennington, with the caravels Santa Maria, Nina and Pinta in tow, have arrived here. The war ship will take the caravels to Seville, where they will take part in the Columbus celebration there.

Edison Wins.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.--The United States court of appeals in the case of Edison against the Illuminating Company has, it is learned, affirmed the decision of the lower court in favor of Edison. It involves the right to use the incandescent light.

The sale of lots at Moundsville, October 5, will take place on the lots, so you can see exactly what you are buying. Remember excursion train on Baltimore & Ohio at 9 a. m. Free dinner on grounds. Come on and make some money.

MRS. HARRISON'S CONDITION.

She is not so Well, and There is an Air of Depression at the White House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--Mrs. Harrison to-day showed the fatiguing results of the loss of the comforting rest that she enjoyed all of last week. To-day was a repetition of yesterday, inasmuch as no special change for the better has occurred in her condition. She has had but broken sleep the past three nights, nor was she able to rest well during the day yesterday. Naturally, therefore, she is not feeling as strong, and the accounts from the sick room are not as cheering. From the President down to the humblest employe of the house there is a feeling of depression to-day that nothing but a more encouraging statement of Mrs. Harrison's condition can dispel.

The Barnaby Will Case.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 4.--It is reported in legal circles that there is a possibility of a compromise in the Barnaby will case. The attorneys for the Conrads and Miss Maude Barnaby, it is said, have made a proposition whereby all opposition to the probating of the will of the late Mrs. Josephine A. Barnaby will be withdrawn, except to the legacy to Dr. T. Thatcher Graves. It is said that the heirs and the other legatees have agreed to allow the will to stand and that they will unite in an effort to throw out the \$25,000 bequest to the doctor.

Apportionment Cases Argued.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 4.--The three apportionment cases came up in the court of appeals this morning, each one embracing the question of the constitutionality of the new apportionment law. Mr. Sutherland, of Rochester, made the main argument for the Republicans and Attorney General Rosendale made the principal argument for the Democrats. Mr. Sutherland opened the arguments covering the three cases. Mr. Rosendale responded and the court took the papers.

Will be Allowed to Enter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--Acting Secretary Spaulding has telegraphed the collector of customs at Philadelphia to allow the steamship Lord Clive to enter on passing health officers if it appeared she had only cabin passengers, brought without attempting to evade the President's proclamation by bringing immigrants in the cabin. Like authority is given in similar future cases.

Unsatisfactory Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Oct. 4.--The directors of the California Athletic Club have announced their decision in the Smith-Siddon fight, which was stopped at the end of the fifty-fifth round last Thursday night. The directors declare it was an unsatisfactory contest and awarded each of the fighters \$600.

As Long as There's Use for It.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--Assistant Secretary Spaulding says that it is practically settled that the federal quarantine station at Camp Low will be maintained as a quarantine station as long there is any occasion for its use.

Surrounded by Mystery.

WINNIPEG, MAN., Oct. 4.--Stanley Hall, a wealthy stock raiser, was found dead in bed last night. The case is surrounded by mystery. He was a nephew of Sir Stanley Hall, M. P., London.

TENNYSON DYING.

Latest Intelligence from His Bedside Not of an Encouraging Nature.

LONDON, Oct. 4.--A despatch sent from Haslemere at half past seven o'clock to-night states that though Lord Tennyson's condition is critical there are now some encouraging symptoms manifesting themselves. He takes food better this evening. A telegram sent from Haslemere at 11 p. m. says: "Lord Tennyson is quite prostrate. It is not likely that he will survive the night."

Cholera on the Danube.

LONDON, Oct. 4.--The Standard's Hamburg correspondent says: "Monday's cholera figures are: New cases, 54; deaths, 17; burials, 168; patients in the hospitals, 851. According to the latest reports 17,701 cholera cases and 7,536 deaths have occurred here since the first appearance of the disease."

The Standard's correspondent at Pesth says: "Cholera is spreading on the left bank of the Danube, where drinking water is obtained from the river. The town authorities appear to be confused, showing incapacity in reference to arrangements for disinfection. An exodus of the wealthy has commenced."

Quarantined at Havana.

HAVANA, Oct. 4.--The New York and Cuban mail steamship City of Washington from New York, September 27, has arrived at Mariel and will be quarantined. The *Gazeta* will publish to-day a decree ordering that all vessels arriving in Cuba from United States ports, including New York, shall be kept under observation only three days if illness has occurred on the voyage.

New Cases of Cholera.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 4.--There were reported here yesterday twelve new cases of cholera against nineteen on Monday. The deaths yesterday were six against five on Monday.

HAMBURG, Oct. 4.--Forty-three new cases of cholera and nine deaths were officially reported yesterday. Compared with Sunday's official figures yesterday's returns show an increase of seventeen cases and a decrease of three deaths. At Altona three new cases of the disease and five deaths occurred.

To Honor Parnell's Memory.

DUBLIN, Oct. 4.--One year ago next Thursday Charles Stewart Parnell died at Brighton, England. Services in his memory will be held in this city Sunday, and the corporation of Dublin has decided to attend the service in state.

The price of property at Moundsville is advancing steadily, owing to the location of factories and the increase in population. The population is bound to increase from three to five thousand within the next few months, and lots bought at the sale to be held by the M. & C. Co., October 5, will double in price very quickly. Excursion rates and free entertainment at the sale.

DOVENER IN BRAXTON.

The Gallant Captain is Making a Brilliant Campaign.

LARGE CROWDS ATTEND MEETINGS

And Everywhere He is Received With Marked Enthusiasm by the People--The Meeting at Sutton One of the Greatest Ever Held in That Section--The Force Bill and Negro Domination Arguments of the Democrats Demolished.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. SUTTON, W. VA., Oct. 4.--Capt. B. B. Dovener, the next congressman from the First congressional district, addressed three rousing and enthusiastic meetings in this county within the last three days.

The captain is a general favorite in this county and his appearance here is always greeted with delight. He had a large attendance at each of his appointments, Burnsville, Sutton and Duck Creek, and the enthusiasm that prevailed knew no bounds. His meeting at Sutton, though held at night, was the largest of the campaign at this place, except the one held by our next governor, Thomas E. Davis and Hon. G. W. Atkinson.

His speech was one of the most effective that has yet been delivered here. He portrayed the free trade plank of the Democratic platform at Chicago in a manner in which it cannot longer be discussed. He took up Governor Fleming's record and tore it to shreds, and in a masterly manner wiped it from the face of the earth. The Faulkner-MacCorkle company "fo'ce bill," negro supremacy bugaboo was literally annihilated. So complete was his exposure of the falsity and absurdity of the force bill that since his speech here, that with all their cheek, there is not a Democrat in town who can mention it without a blush of shame. All through the county the captain's meetings were highly successful, and on the 8th of November the fruits thereof will be apparent.

MEETING AT NEW MILTON.

General Northcott and Others Address a Large and Enthusiastic Crowd.

Special Correspondence of the Intelligence. MILTON, W. VA., Oct. 1.--At a village five miles north of Milton last night the church known as Bedford chapel was opened and the most enthusiastic crowd ever seen there listened to a ringing speech by R. S. Northcott.

After showing up the platforms of the national parties he took up the rule in West Virginia, and more especially in Cabell county, showing how corrupt, how very corrupt the managers are and have been. He only told straight facts. The misrule is so plain that the best men in the Democratic party are ashamed of it and are very anxious to break up the ring, for it has reached a point where it is far beyond bearing. "I suppose the strongest ring in the state is in Cabell county, run by one man. He says who shall be nominated in the Democratic party and they are nominated to a man, and carry out his designs using our money to pay favorites instead of our people getting the good of it." Mr. George Hashbarger, candidate for house of delegates, made a practical talk to the farmers. J. D. L. Ball, the candidate for assessor of the Second district appeared, who was met with enthusiasm and cheers.

LUMBER PLANT BURNED.

The Little Kanawha Company Loses Heavily From a Destructive Fire.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. PARKERSBURG, W. VA., Oct. 4.--The Little Kanawha lumber company's plant here was almost entirely destroyed by fire this morning. The fire broke out in the dry house, where 75,000 feet of fine lumber was stored, and soon the whole plant was in flames. One hundred men are thrown out of employment. The loss is about \$20,000; insurance \$15,000. The same company suffered severely by a fire at Portsmouth, O., about two weeks ago.

Death of a Prominent Farmer.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. FLEMINGTON, W. VA., Oct. 4.--Equire Alfred Cochran, a substantial and highly respected farmer residing near Pruntytown, died suddenly this afternoon from heart disease. He was prominent in business and political circles, and his death is deeply regretted.

Patents to West Virginians.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4.--Patents have been granted to the following West Virginians: John D. Hulings, of Hulings, for a steam boiler. William S. Neil of Enon, self-locking nut.

Minister Egan Arrives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.--Hon. Patrick Egan, United States minister to Chile, arrived here this morning on the steamship Newport on a two months' vacation. He said he had with him the original of a treaty to settle all claims of American citizens against Chile, it having been approved by the senate and chamber of deputies of Chile.

Miners at Work.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 4.--At the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre collieries at Holybrook, Audenried, Treskow, Beaver Meadow and many of them in and about this city are working full time and giving employment to thousands of miners and laborers. The outlook is encouraging.

An Inch of Snow.

QUEBEC, Oct. 4.--Over an inch of snow fell this morning in Beauce.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, fair; north winds; slightly cooler. For Western Pennsylvania, fair; northwest winds; cooler in eastern portion. For Ohio, fair; north winds; slightly cooler in southern portion.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY.

As furnished by C. SCHRYVER, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

FINE business and residence lots for sale at Moundsville.